

**BUILDING VOCABULARY** *The Progressive Era*

A. Matching Match the description in the second column with the term or name in the first column. Write the appropriate letter next to the word.

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|--------------------------------|--|
| _____ 1. suffrage | a. name of Roosevelt's reform measures |
| _____ 2. Woodrow Wilson | b. journalists who uncovered corruption |
| _____ 3. Nineteenth Amendment | c. the right to vote |
| _____ 4. muckrakers | d. progressive party headed by Roosevelt |
| _____ 5. conservation | e. granted suffrage for women |
| _____ 6. Prohibition | f. sought to curb growth of monopolies |
| _____ 7. Florence Kelley | g. advocate for women and children |
| _____ 8. Clayton Antitrust Act | h. winner of 1912 presidential election |
| _____ 9. Bull-Moose Party | i. the banning of alcoholic beverages |
| _____ 10. Square Deal | j. preservation of natural resources |

B. Evaluating Write *T* in the blank if the statement is true. If the statement is false, write *F* in the blank and then write the corrected statement on the line below.

- _____ 1. Susan B. Anthony was a leading proponent of woman suffrage.

- _____ 2. The major goal of the prominent progressive governor Robert M. La Follette was reforming the nation's education system.

- _____ 3. The goal of the NAACP was full voting rights for women.

- _____ 4. Upton Sinclair was the author of *The Jungle*, a critical look at the nation's meatpacking industry.

- _____ 5. The progressive movement aimed at returning control of government to the people, restoring economic opportunities, and correcting injustices in American life.

C. Writing Write a paragraph describing some of the significant political reforms during the Progressive Era using the following terms.

initiative referendum recall Seventeenth Amendment